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Unlocking potential through work-integrated learning - developing the role of apprenticeship coach to maximise the apprentice HE learning experience in the workplace

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Aims



- Distinctiveness of apprenticeships as HE learning experiences
- Coaching to maximise apprentices' HE learning potential in the workplace
- Principles of coaching employed, the practical implications of the coaching relationship and potential barriers
- Practical applications:
 - Clinical Tutor role in Nursing Associate apprenticeship
 - Business Apprenticeship Coach in L&M apprenticeships



Key characteristics of apprenticeships

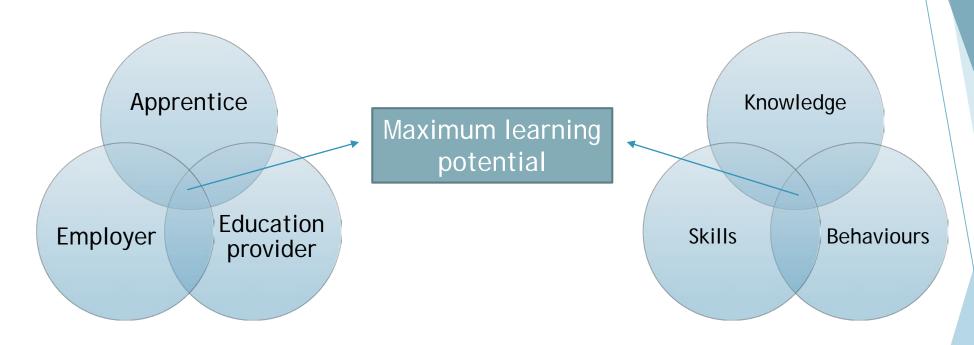
- Characteristically:
 - requires both on- and off-the-job learning (80:20)
 - situated in a particular business/organisational and social context
 - visibility of learning processes should be high
- The apprentice must be involved in active learning throughout an apprenticeship... (P50)
- The apprentice must work enough hours each week so that they can undertake sufficient regular training and on-the-job activity...(P52)

ESFA Apprenticeship funding rules for training providers (August 2018 to July 2019)





Apprenticeship learning is distinct...



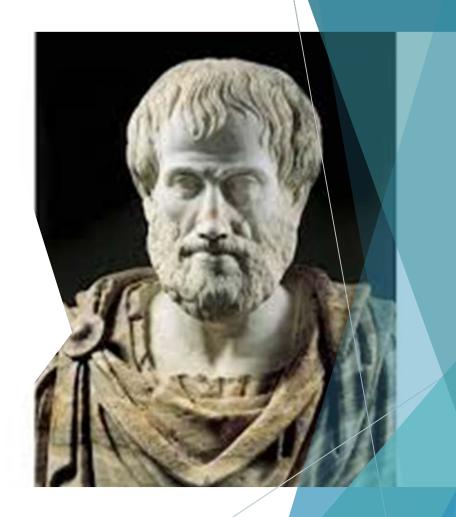
'How employers and learning providers develop apprentices is at least as important as what they do...Culture matters.' (Lucas and Spencer, 2015, p. 134)



Value of apprenticeships

- focus on learning in, from and for work
- ability to unlock the potential of individual employees for personal and professional lifelong learning
- ► Ability to enhance:
 - the intellectual capital of organisations
 - positively contribute to workforce development and the workplace
- "Greater than the sum of its parts"





Developing a pedagogy of apprenticeships



- Risk in separating 'academic' and 'workbased' learning
- Potential to devalue workplace as rich centre of learning
- View through a lens of work-integrated learning:

"...a broader term than 'work-based"...to emphasise connectedness of learning as opposed to academic and workplace learning taking place in parallel but independently of each other..."

(Lester, Bravenboer and Webb 2016 p1)



A 'Signature' Pedagogy of Apprenticeships'



Work-integrated learning (WIL) - pedagogical principles or 'signature pedagogy'

- the learner as an active agent and creator of meaning;
- the workplace as a legitimate site of learning and knowledge-generation, rather than simply application of theory to practice;
- and that learning objectives, processes and products are subject of negotiation between learner, employer and education provider; a 'triadic' learning endeavour

(Dalrymple et al 2014)



University of Worcester - current Higher and Degree apprenticeships



Approved for delivery from May 2018:

- Operations and Departmental Manager (L5)
- Chartered Managers DA (CMDA, L6)
- Senior Leaders DA (L7)
- Nursing Associate HA (L5)
- Teacher Apprenticeship (L6)



The challenge...opportunities and solutions?

Expectation that up to 80% of apprentice's learning takes place 'on-the-job'

Opportunities to maximise the potential for lifelong learning through the authenticity of experiences in the real world of work

Requires re-examining of our learning and teaching strategies and approaches to facilitate, support and develop learning 'in the workplace'

The workplace as an academically valid place of learning



- Achieving the 'HE-levelness' of work integrated learning both on- and off-thejob
- Critically reflective learning
- Developing organisational culture and approaches to encourage investigation, evaluation, critique and creativity in the workplace
- Capacity for on-going personal and professional development which extends beyond the end of the programme

(Lester and Costley, 2010; Lunt, 2008)



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Barriers and Obstacles

- Pace Design; Develop; Delivery; Destination
- Breaking the mould
 - Current models of nursing mentorship
 - Historic models of nurse education (SoNs, Enrolled Nurses)
- Blended learning
- Widening participation









Coaching Principles

- Safe yet challenging environment
- Work within the apprentice's agenda
- Facilitate and collaborate
- Advocate self-awareness and emotional intelligence
- Promote learning for experience
- Model what you coach

Access to all apprentices

- Requires multi-partner agreements and sponsorship
- Honorary contracts in place to allow working across all organisations

Unlock learning in the workplace

- Learning in context
- Application of theory to practice
- Exposure to learning which may not occur academically
- Preparation for qualification
- Provides safe learning space whilst not reducing workforce

The Clinical Tutor role

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Business Apprenticeship Coach Responsibilities - Set Up Phase

Design purpose of coach intervention and ILPs Provide and enable processes for support for WIL and workplace learning (80% on-the-job)

Create sustainable process for range of staff to teach, coach and support

'Learner Pathways' VLE Contribute to University wide evaluation of apprenticeships

Liaise with ASUs re processes for WIL in workplace

Business Apprenticeship Coach - Ongoing



Manage WIL processes integrating WPL and CBL (80% + 20% = 100%...and more)



Prepare apprentice and contribute to recommendation to employer for EPA



Guiding apprentices to completion



Create and manage a HE learner centred experience



Monitor and keep evidence of offthe-job training and (where appropriate) facilitate Maths and English completion



Liaison with programme leader and module tutors to support apprenticeship programme development

Regular 1:1 coaching support against ILPs and components of Standard

Group Action Learning Sets

Quarterly reviews and liaison with workplace mentors

Business Apprenticeship Coach - Role



- Relationships
- Communication
- Making connections capturing and maximising potential from 'informal learning'
- Support
 - Employer managing expectations, reputation
 - Workplace Mentor identifying learning opportunities
 - Apprentice as learner

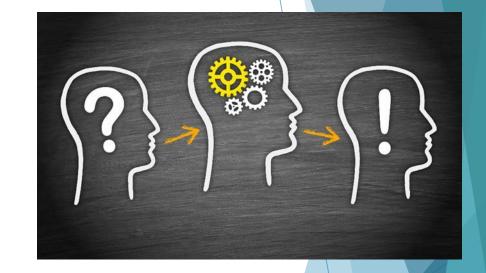




Business Apprenticeship Coach - Role

Apprentice Learner Journey:

- Diversity of job role and experience
- HE study skills and learning needs
- Confidence building
- Individual learning plans and reviews K,S&B
- Identifying on-the-job learning opportunities
- Keep on track and building towards EPA
- Project support in workplace
- Stretch and challenge:
 - integrating theory into practice,
 - critical reflection and developing reflexivity so what?







Conclusion
Top Tips



Communication - with employers, apprentices and educators



Coach vs training



Be clear about the apprentices/employer expectations...book quarterly reviews, project meetings etc in advance



Set the coaching tone at the start of the relationship

Any Questions?

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